



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

A

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/082,405	02/25/2002	Mark P. Zollner	CM04695H	3930
22917	7590	09/09/2005		
MOTOROLA, INC. 1303 EAST ALGONQUIN ROAD IL01/3RD SCHAUMBURG, IL 60196			EXAMINER	
			TRAN, PHILIP B	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2155	

DATE MAILED: 09/09/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/082,405	ZOLLNER ET AL.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Philip B. Tran	2155	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 June 2005.
- 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1-17 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 1-17 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
 Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
 Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) All b) Some * c) None of:
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____. |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____. | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____. |

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

2. Claim 1-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kent, U.S. Pat. No. 5,659,881.

Regarding claim 1, Kent teaches in a communication system having a plurality of communication devices distributed among one or more sites (= multi-site environment with a plurality of communication devices) [see Fig. 1], a method comprising the steps of:

determining a rule-based criteria for prioritizing the sites (= determining ruled-based criteria for call priority in different sites) [see Abstract and Col. 4, Lines 24-38]; determining, based on the criteria, establishing service for the sites in order of the sequence (= determining event sequence for the calls from different sites and establishing the call service for different sites in priority) [see Col. 13, Line 33 to Col. 14, Line 44].

Ken does not explicitly teach a restart sequence for the sites in the event of a system restart. However, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention was made to implement ruled-based criteria for call priority in different sites based on determination of event sequence for the calls, disclosed by Kent, into the specific event of a system restart in order to establish an efficient restart sequence for different sites based on a predetermined rule-based priority sequence.

Regarding claim 2, Kent further teaches the method of claim 1, performed by a network manager of the communication system (= system manager 211) [see Fig. 2].

Regarding claim 3, Kent further teaches the method of claim 1, performed by a zone controller of the communication system, the step of determining a rule-based criteria comprises receiving the rule-based criteria from a network manager of the communication system (= multi-site switch 200) [see Fig. 1].

Regarding claim 4, Kent further teaches the method of claim 3, wherein the step of determining a rule-based criteria comprises receiving periodic updates of the rule-based criteria from the network manager (= updating database) [see Col. 6, Line 54 to Col. 7, Line 22].

Regarding claim 5, Kent further teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the step of determining a rule-based criteria comprises determining one or more priority communication devices and prioritizing the sites based on locations of the one or more priority communication devices among the one or more sites [see Col. 13, Line 33 to Col. 14, Line 44].

Regarding claim 6, Kent further teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the step of determining a rule-based criteria comprises determining one or more priority talkgroups and prioritizing the sites based on locations of affiliated talkgroup members of the one or more priority talkgroups among the one or more sites [see Col. 11, Line 44 to Col. 12, Line 35 and Col. 13, Line 33 to Col. 14, Line 44].

Regarding claim 7, Kent further teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the step of determining a rule-based criteria comprises defining a console site as a highest priority site based on a number of monitored talkgroups at the console site [see Col. 14, Line 53 to Col. 15, Line 5].

Regarding claim 8, Kent further teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the plurality of communication devices are distributed among one or more sites and zones, the step of determining a rule-based criteria comprises determining a rule-based criteria for prioritizing the sites and zones, the step of determining a restart sequence comprises determining a restart sequence for the sites and zones, and the step of establishing service comprises establishing service for the sites and zone in order of the restart sequence [see Abstract and Figs. 1-2 and Col. 4, Lines 24-38 and Col. 11, Line 44 to Col. 12, Line 35 and Col. 13, Line 33 to Col. 14, Line 44].

Claim 9 is rejected under the same rationale set forth above to claim 1.

Claims 10-11 are rejected under the same rationale set forth above to claims 2-3, respectively.

Regarding claim 12, Kent further teaches the method of claim 11, wherein the step of obtaining system usage data comprises receiving the system usage data from a network manager of the communication system (= system manager 211) [see Fig. 2 and Col. 6, Lines 1-21].

Regarding claims 13-16, Kent does not explicitly teach the step of determining a rule-based criteria comprises prioritizing the sites based on subscriber activity among the one or more sites, prioritizing the sites based on numbers of affiliated subscribers among the one or more sites, prioritizing the sites based on air-time usage among the

one or more sites, prioritizing the sites based on numbers of call requests among the one or more sites. However, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to set different rule-based criteria as different design choices in order to efficiently provide services according to the predefined priority.

Claim 17 is rejected under the same rationale set forth above to claim 8.

3. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-17 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

4. A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RESPONSE TO THIS ACTION IS SET TO EXPIRE THREE MONTHS FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. FAILURE TO RESPOND WITHIN THE PERIOD FOR RESPONSE WILL CAUSE THE APPLICATION TO BECOME ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). EXTENSIONS OF TIME MAY BE OBTAINED UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF 37 CAR 1.136(A).

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Philip Tran whose telephone number is (571) 272-3991. The Group fax phone number is (571) 273-8300. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Saleh Najjar, can be reached on (571) 272-4006.

6. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Philip Tran

Philip B. Tran
Art Unit 2155
September 02, 2005